

High Speed Internet DSL Modem

GT701C

User's Manual

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Introduction



Thank you for purchasing the High Speed Internet DSL Modem. The Modem is the simplest way to connect computers to a high-speed broadband connection. This easy-to-use product is perfect for the home office or small business. If you want to take your computing to the next level, the High Speed Internet DSL Modem is sure to be one of the keys to your success.



Minimum System Requirements

- Active DSL service
- Computer with an 10 MBPS or 10/100 MBPS Ethernet connection, or USB connection
- Microsoft Windows 98 Second Edition (SE), Millennium Edition (Me), NT 4.0, 2000, XP, Vista Mac OS 7.1+, 8.0+, 9.0+, OS X+
- **Note:** USB LAN port is not supported with Microsoft Windows NT 4.0, Windows Vista 64-bit, or Mac OS.
 - Internet Explorer 4.0 or higher (5.x+ recommended) or Netscape Navigator 4.0 or higher (4.7+ recommended)
 - · TCP/IP network protocol installed on each computer

Features

- Plug-and-Play installation support for computers running Windows operating systems (98SE, Me, 2000, XP, and Vista) for USB connections only.
- ADSL WAN port (RJ-11)
- Full-rate ANSI T1.413 Issue 2, ITU G.992.1(G.dmt) and G.992.2(G.lite) standard compliance
- Auto-handshake for different ADSL services
- USB 1.1 device specification compliance
- 12 Mbps USB data rate (full speed) support
- Precise ATM traffic shaping
- IP packet routing
- RIP-1, RIP-2, and static routing protocol support
- Built-in NAT, DHCP server
- PAP/CHAP authentication, administrative passwords through Telnet
- IEEE 802.3 Ethernet standard compliance
- 10/100 Base-T Ethernet ports (4)
- Fast Ethernet flow control support
- Web-based configuration setup
- FTP firmware upgradeable
- Web download support

Getting to Know the Modem

This section contains a quick description of the Modem's lights, ports, etc. The Modem has several indicator lights (LEDs) on its front panel and a series of ports on its rear panel.

Front Panel

The front panel of the Modem features five lights (LEDs): Power, DSL, Internet, Ethernet, and USB.



Power Light

The Power light displays the Modem's current status. If the Power light glows steadily green, the Modem is receiving power and fully operational. When the Power light is rapidly flashing, the Modem is initializing. If the Power LED glows red when the Power cord is connected to a known working outlet power, the Modem has failed to initialize; contact Technical Support.

DSL Light

When the Modem connects to the DSL service, the DSL light will glow solid green. If the DSL light blinks rapidly, the Modem is in training mode. If the DSL light blinks slowly, DSL service has been lost; contact the ISP.

Internet Light

The Internet light glows green when connected to the ISP. It may blink while sending or receiving data.

Ethernet Light

The Ethernet light illuminates when the Modem is connected to a computer via its yellow Ethernet port, using an Ethernet cable.

USB Light

The USB light illuminates when the Modem is connected to a computer via its USB port, using a USB cable.

Rear Panel

The rear panel of the Modem contains four ports (DSL, USB, Ethernet, and Power), as well as Reset and Power switches.



DSL Port

The DSL port is used to connect the Modem to a DSL (Digital Subcriber Line) connection.

USB Port

The USB port is used to connect a computer to the Modem via USB cable.

Ethernet Port

The Ethernet port is used to connect computers to the Modem via Ethernet cable. The Ethernet port is a 10/100 Mbps auto-sensing port, and either a straight-through or crossover Ethernet cable can be used when connecting to the port.

Note: Use a crossover Ethernet cable to connect the Modem only if connecting to a hub/switch that lacks an uplink port.

Reset Switch

Depressing the Reset switch restores the Modem's factory default settings. To reset the Modem, depress and hold the Reset switch until the Power light changes from green to orange. When the Power light glows orange, release the Reset switch (this may take from 4 to 7 seconds). The reset process starts after releasing the switch.

Power Port

The Power port is used to connect the Power cord to the Modem.



Warning: Do not unplug the Power cord from the Modem during the reset process. Doing so may result in permanent damage to the Modem.

Power Switch

The Power switch is used to power the Modem on and off.

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Performing a Quick Setup



This chapter is a guide through a quick set up of the Modem, including how to connect the Modem to the ISP.

To complete the quick setup, have the Welcome Letter or ISP Worksheet handy. If the document is not available, contact the ISP immediately.

Accessing Quick Setup Screens

To access the Quick Setup screens:

1. Open a Web browser. In the "Address" text box, type:

http://192.168.1.1

then press Enter on the keyboard.

ŝ.	Acti	ontec	- Micro	osoft Inte	rnet Ex	plorer				
]	<u>F</u> ile	<u>E</u> dit	⊻iew	F <u>a</u> vorite	s <u>T</u> oo	ls <u>H</u> elp				
]	4 B	ack 🔻	⇒ ~	🙆 🙆	3	🕽 Search	🚡 Favorites			
]	Addres	s 🧉	http://1	92.168.1.1				-	⇒Go	Links »

2. The "Home" screen appears. Click **Quick Setup**.



3. A login window appears. Enter the user name and password in the appropriate text boxes, then click **OK**.

Firefox:

(i)	Enter username and password for "Before configuring the Gateway, a User Name / Password is required. If you do not know the User Name / Password please refer to the User manual for further support." at http://1921.166.1.1	
	User Name:	
	admin	
	Password:	
	****	-
	Use Password Manager to remember this password.	

Internet Explorer:

Connect to 19	2.168.1.1
R	GR
User Name / Pass User Name / Pass further support. Warning: This ser	68.1.1 at Before configuring the Gateway, a sword is required. If you do not know the oword please refer to the User manual for reques a username and password. were is requesting that your username and it in an insecure manner (basic authentication connection).
User name:	🖸 admin 💌
Password:	1
	Remember my password
	OK Cancel

- Note: The default user name is "admin." The default password is "password."
- 4. Follow the instructions in the "Welcome to the Quick Setup" screen, then click Next.



5. At the top of the next window, select PPPoE or DHCP.



5a. If PPPoE was selected in step 5, the default user name and password are entered in the appropriate text boxes.If "DHCP" was selected, go to step 6.

2. Enter your PPP User Name and Password. (PPPoE ONLY)
PPP User Name newdsl
PPP Password ******

5b. If PPPoE was selected in step 5, select the IP type ("Dynamic IP-DHCP [Default]" or "Single Static IP Address"). If Single Static IP Address was selected, enter the address in the appropriate text box.



6. Optional - Select the DNS type ("Dynamic DNS Addresses [Default]" or "Static DNS Addresses"). If Static DNS Addresses was selected, enter the primary and secondary DNS addresses in the appropriate text boxes. If unsure what to enter in this section, contact the ISP.

Optional		
Select the DNS type.		
	 Dynamic DNS Addresses(Default) 	
	O Static DNS Addresses	
	Primary DNS	
	Secondary DNS	

- 7. Click **Apply** at the bottom of the screen.
- **8.** Read the instructions on the next screen. The Modem is successfully configured.



The Power light flashes rapidly while the Modem restarts, then glows steadily green when fully operational. The Internet light will also glow steadily green. The Modem is now configured and users can start surfing the Internet.

If an error appears, stating the Web browser was unable to connect to the Internet, check the configuration settings. Ensure all the information required by the ISP is entered correctly.

Changing the Password

To create or change the password allowing access to the Modem's Web Configuration screens, follow these instructions:

- 1. From the "Home" screen, select Quick Setup.
- **2.** The "Welcome to the Quick Setup" screen appears. Select "Admin User Name and Password."

3. The "Change Admin Username/Password" screen appears. Enter a new Username in the "Admin User Name" text boxt, then enter a new password in the "Admin Password" text box. Make sure to write down the user name and password and keep it in a secure location. They will be needed to access the Modem's Web Configuration screens in the future.



- **4.** Click **Apply** at the bottom of the screen.
- **5.** Read the instructions on the next screen. The user name and password are successfully changed.

```
Please wait while we apply the changed settings to the gateway. When gateway changes are 
applied successfully, you will be taken back to the page apply was selected on.
```

Once the Modem has rebooted, the new user name and password are active. To access the Modem's Web Configuration screens, the new user name and password must be entered.

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Viewing the Modem's Status



After configuring the Modem, the Modem's connection and network status can be viewed. The Internet connection status is viewed in the "Broadband Connection Status" screen, while the network status is viewed in the "My Network" screen.

Broadband Connection Status

To view the Modem's connection statistics, select **Status** in the Home screen. The "Broadband Connection Status" screen appears. There are three sections in this screen: General Statistics, PPP Status, and DSL Status.



General Statistics

The top section of the Broadband Connection Status screen displays general statistics regarding the Modem, including model number, firmware version, IP address, and gateway IP address.

Connect Disconnect	
Model:	GT701C
Firmware Version:	3.20.4.3.5.0.9.2.10.
Gateway MAC Address:	00:18:01:DA:2E:FC
WAN IP Address:	N/A
Subnet Mask:	
Gateway IP Address:	N/A
DNS Address #1:	207.244.64.140
DNS Address #2:	

PPP Status

The middle section of the Broadband Connection Status screen displays the status of the Modem's PPP connection, including user name, authentication failures, and packets sent and received.

PPP Status	
Status:	
User Name:	
LCP State:	
IPCP State:	
Authentication Failures:	
Session Time:	
Packets Sent:	
Packets Received:	

DSL Status

The bottom section of the Broadband Connection Status screen displays the status of the Modem's DSL connection, including mode settings, connection status, and number of discarded packets. Click **Reset** to refresh all statistics on this screen

VPI:	
VCI:	
DSL Mode Setting:	
DSL Negotiated Mode:	
Connection Status:	
Speed (down/up):	
ATM QoS class:	
Near End CRC Errors :	
Far End CRC Errors :	
Near End CRC(Within last 30 mins) :	
Far End CRC(Within last 30 mins) :	
Near End RS FEC :	
Far End RS FEC :	
Near End FEC(Within last 30 mins) :	
Far End FEC(Within last 30 mins) :	
Discarded Packets(Within last 30 mins):	
SNR Margin (Downstream/Upstream):	
Attenuation (Downstream/Upstream):	

In the menu on the left side of the Broadband Connection Status screen, there are two other options available to view: **NAT Table** and **Routing Table**. Click to generate the option of choice.

NAT Table

Selecting **NAT Table** generates the "NAT Table" screen. This screen displays an overview of the current list of open connections through NAT (Network Address Translation) the Modem supports between the networked computers and the Internet.



Routing Table

Selecting **Routing Table** generates the "Routing Table" screen. This screen displays an overview of the Modem's network routes.

/alid	Destination	Netmask	Gateway
1	192.168.1.0	255 255 255 0	0.0.0.0
1	239.0.0.0	255.0.0.0	0.0.0.0

Network Status

To view the Modem's network status, select **My Network** from the strip of icons at the top of any GUI screen. The "My Network" screen appears, listing all devices connected to the network. From this screen, various settings can be accessed, including Website blocking, Schedule Rules, and Enable Application.



To view the network status of a particular device, click **View Device Details** for the device. An overview of the device's network status appears.



Configuring Advanced Settings



This chapter explains how to configure the Modem's advanced settings, such as remote management, DHCP settings, and Quality of Service (QoS).

Accessing Advanced Setup Screens

To access the Advanced Setup screens, follow these instructions:

1. Open a Web browser. In the "Address" text box, type:

http://192.168.1.1

then press Enter on the keyboard.

🚈 Actiontec - Microsoft Internet Explorer					
<u>File E</u> dit <u>V</u> iew F <u>a</u> vorites <u>T</u> ools <u>H</u> elp					
🖙 Back 🔹 🔿 🖌 🙆 😰 🚮 🔯 Search 💿 Favorites	🎯 History 🛛 🎒				
Address 🙋 http://192.168.1.1	▼ 🖗 Go	Links »			

2. The "Home" screen appears. Click Advanced Setup.



3. A login window appears. Enter the user name and password in the appropriate text boxes, then click **OK**.

Firefox:

Prompt		X
(i	Enter username and password for "Before configuring the Gateway, a User Name / Password is required. If you do not know the User Name / Password please refer to the User manual for further support." at http://192.168.1.1	
	User Name:	
	admin	
	Password:	
	***	-
	Use Password Manager to remember this password.	
	OK Cancel	

Internet Explorer:

Connect to 19	2.168.1.1
R	GR
User Name / Pass User Name / Pass further support. Warning: This ser	68.1.1 at Before configuring the Gateway, a sword is required. If you do not know the oword please refer to the User manual for reques a username and password. were is requesting that your username and it in an insecure manner (basic authentication connection).
User name:	🖸 admin 💌
Password:	1
	Remember my password
	OK Cancel

- **Note:** The default user name is "admin." The default password is "password."
- **4.** The "Advanced Setup" screen appears. To modify a specific configuration, click on its name in the menu bar on the left, or from the list in the middle of the screen.

Home	Advanced Setup
Advanced Setup	This section will guide you through the advanced settings available on your Gateway. Most of these settings are technical in nature and require a technical person to configure.
DSL Settings	Click on the item below that you want to configure.
DHCP	DSL
Settings LAN IP Address	DSL Settings (change the VPI, VCI, Mode, and QoS settings)
WAN IP	IP Addressing
Address	DHCP Settings(turn off or modify the DHCP server settings)
QoS Settings Upstream	LAN IP Address(change the IP address of the Gateway)
QoS Settings Downstream	WAN IP Address(configure your Gateway to work with your ISP)
QoS Status	Q05
Remote Management/ Telnet	(prioritize certain types of traffic (i.e., voice data) over normal data traffic)
Telnet Timeout	<u>Upstream Downstream Status</u>
Setting	Remote Management
Dynamic Routing	Remote Mgmt/Telnet(access your home network from another location)
Static Routing	Telnet Timeout Setting(set the amount of idle time before a telnet session is automatically terminated)
UPnP	
USB Port	Routing
Time Zone	Dynamic Routing(used only when another gateway is set up behind the Gateway)
Remote Syslog Capture	Static Routing(Used when adding additional routers and subnets to your network - ADVANCED USERS ONLY)
	UPnP (Universal Plug and Play)
	UPs D/bus UPs D as as aff)

DSL Settings

To access DSL Settings, select **DSL Settings** from the "Advanced Setup" screen. The Modem's VPI, VCI, Mode, and QoS (Quality of Service) settings can be changed from this screen, we recommend not changing these values without first consulting the ISP.

DSL Settings			
	u to modify the default D: click on Apply to save y		ction to your DSL Service
WARNING! Do not chang	e these values until you h	ave consulted with yo	our DSL Service Provider.
	VPI/VCI Scan List	EditList	
VPI(0 - 255):	0		
¥CI(32 - 65535):	35		
Mode:	Mmode 💌		
Qo5:	UBR 💌		
PCR:	SCR:	MBS:	CDVT:
	App	ly.	

DHCP Settings

Selecting **DHCP Settings** in the "Advanced Setup" screen generates the "DHCP Settings" screen. The Modem has a built-in DHCP (Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol) server that automatically assigns a different IP address to each computer on the network, eliminating IP address conflicts.

The factory default setting is **On**. To disable the DHCP Server, select **Off**, then click **Apply**.

We strongly recommend leaving the DHCP Server option **On**. If the DHCP Server option is **Off**, ensure the IP addresses of the networked computers are on the same subnet as the IP address of the Modem. For more information, see "DHCP Server Configuration."

DHCP Server Configuration

Clicking in the check box labeled "I would like to adjust the DHCP server settings" activates the text boxes at the bottom of the DHCP Settings screen. Change the IP address range and DNS server information in these text boxes.

Beginning IP Address

This is the IP address at which the DHCP server starts assigning IP addresses. We recommend keeping the factory default setting (192.168.1.64).

Ending IP Address

This is the IP address at which the DHCP server stops assigning IP addresses. We recommend keeping the factory default settings (192.168.1.254).

The beginning and ending IP addresses define the IP address range of the Modem. If the default values are left intact, the Modem supplies a unique IP address between 192.168.1.64 and 192.168.1.254 to each computer on the network. Note that the first three groups of numbers of the addresses are identical; this means they are on the same subnet. The IP address of the Modem must be on the same subnet as the IP address range it generates. For instance, if the Modem's IP address is changed to 10.33.222.1, set the beginning IP address to 10.33.222.2, and the ending IP address to 10.33.222.254.

Subnet Mask

Enter the IP address of the DHCP server's subnet mask here.

Lease Time

This value represents the amount of time (in seconds) the DHCP server holds onto a specific IP address.

Domain Name

This is the domain name provided by Verizon. If Verizon provided domain name information, enter it here. If not, leave the text box intact.

DNS (Dynamic or Static)

This is the type of DNS server provided by Verizon. If Verizon provided DNS server information, select the type here. If not, leave as is.

DNS Server 1

This is the primary DNS server provided by Verizon. If Verizon provided DNS server information, enter it here. If not, leave the text box intact.

DNS Server 2

This is the secondary DNS provided by Verizon. If Verizon provided secondary DNS server information, enter it here. If not, leave the text box intact.

When finished in this screen, click Apply to activate any changes made.

LAN IP Address

Selecting LAN IP Address in the "Advanced Setup" screen causes a warning screen to appear.



Read the on-screen warning, then click Yes to continue.

The "LAN IP Address" screen appears.

LAN IP Address	
Actiontec recommends that you keep the current which is 192.168.1.1.	t default LAN IP Address of the DSL Gateway,
To make changes, enter the new IP Address or S	Subnet Mask of the DSL Gateway below.
Modem IP Address:	192.168.1.1
Modem Subnet Mask:	255.255.255.0

The values in the "Modem IP Address" and "Modem Subnet Mask" text boxes are the IP and subnet mask address of the Modem as seen on the network. These values can be modified for your LAN network, but we recommend keeping the default factory settings (IP address 192.168.1.1; subnet mask address 255.255.255.0).

Note: If the Modem's LAN IP Address is modified, verify the DHCP Server range is within the same subnet. For more information, see "DHCP Server Configuration."

When finished in this screen, click **Apply** to activate any changes made.

WAN IP Address

Selecting **WAN IP Address** in the "Advanced Setup" screen causes a warning screen to appear.



Read the on-screen warning, then click Yes to continue.

The "WAN IP Address" screen appears.

WAN IP Address	
Please follow the steps belo	w.
1. Select the item below that	t is utilized by your ISP.
0	DHCP
e	PPPoE
PPP Auto Connect	
2. Enter your PPP User Nam	e and Password. (PPPoE ONLY)
PPP User	Name newdsl
PPP Pas	ssword ****************
3. Select the IP Type.	
e	Dynamic IP-DHCP(Default)
c	Single Static IP Address
0	Block of Static IP
U	Addresses(Unnumbered Mode)
	Single Static IP Not Applicable
Gateway Addre	ss(Unnumbered Mode) Not Applicable
Subnet Ma	sk(Unnumbered Mode) Not Applicable
П	Enable Public/Private IP Addressing
4. Select the DNS type.	
c	Dynamic DNS Addresses(Default)
0	Static DNS Addresses
	Primary DNS
	Secondary DNS
5. Select Dial on-demand (c	ptional)
Dialout on-demand	idle timeout: minutes
6. Adjust MTU settings (option	onal)
	MTU: 1492
7. Now click Apply below to	save your changes.

WAN IP Address allows manual set up of the IP address of the Modem. To do this:

- **Note:** Some DSL providers use PPPoE to establish communication with an end user. Other types of broadband Internet connections may use either DHCP or static IP address. If unsure which connection is present, check with Verizon before continuing.
- **1.** Select "DHCP" or "PPPoE," depending on the type of connection the ISP uses. If PPP Auto Connect is being used, click in the appropriate check box.
- **2.** If PPPoE was selected in step 1, enter the user name and password in the appropriate text boxes.
- **3.** Select the IP type. If "Single Static IP Address" was selected, enter the IP address in the "Single Static IP" text box. If "Multiple Static IP Addresses" was selected, enter the designated gateway IP address and subnet mask address in the "Gateway Address" and "Subnet Mask" text boxes respectively.

- **4.** Enable Public/Private IP Addressing. This feature is used in conjunction with Multiple Static IP Addresses. When selected, the Modem uses NAT for private IP addressing for the LAN, allowing both public and private IP addressing to be configured to the LAN simultaneously, while the DHCP server is reserved for private IP addressing. All computers using public IP addresses must have the public IP addresses statically assigned.
- **5.** Select the DNS type. If static DNS address was selected, enter the primary DNS address and, optionally, the secondary DNS address in the appropriate text boxes.
- **6.** Select Dialout on-demand (optional). To have the Modem automatically connect to the Internet whenever needed (when a Web browser is opened, for example), activate "Dialout on-demand" by clicking in the appropriate check box. When Dialout on-demand is activated, the user can also set the Modem to disconnect from the Internet after a certain amount of idle time (no Internet activity). To do this, enter the number of idle time minutes (minimum 2 minutes) before disconnection occurs in the text box before "Minutes."
- **7.** Adjust MTU settings (optional). Enter the maximum transmission unit (MTU) value (in bytes) in this text box. This value corresponds to the largest physical packet size the network is allowed to transmit. Packets larger than this size are divided into smaller packets. It is recommended to leave this value set at the default (1492).

QoS Settings Upstream

Selecting **QoS Settings Upstream** from the "Advanced Setup" screen causes the "QoS Upstream Settings" screen to appear.

	QoS feature, allows for over data traffic.	the prioritization of certain	n types of traff	ic	
Enable IF	, Go2	г	Trusted Mo	de	
Please input t	he percentage for low an	d medium traffic flow:			
low priority w	eight: 10% 💌	medium priority weig	ht: 10% 💌		
Rule parame	eters:				
Priority	Low				
Protocol	ANY -		Set DSCF	BE(L	- (wc
Source					
IP	0.0.0.0	Port Rar	nge: 0	to	65535
Netmask	255.255.255.255				
Destination		-			_
IP	0.0.00	Port Rar	nge: 0	to	65535
Netmask	255.255.255.255				
Rule List:					
				<u> </u>	Add
				_ I	Remove

QoS (Quality of Service) allows the prioritization of certain types of data traffic (such as VoIP traffic) over other types of traffic (such as standard data). Both upstream (data coming into the network) and downstream (data going out of the network) traffic can be prioritzed using QoS.

Enable QoS

Clicking in this check box activates/deactivates QoS.

Trusted Mode

If "Trusted Mode" is activated, all data traffic set to an IP precedence level of 5 will be recognized as high priority traffic, regardless of IP or MAC address rule settings (used for VoIP only).

Total Available Bandwidth

Displays the total amount of available bandwidth (in kilobits per second).

High Priority Bandwidth

Enter the amount of high priority bandwidth to be used by the prioritized traffic type (cannot exceed total available bandwidth).

Priority

Always set to "High" and cannot be changed.

Protocol

Select the data type being configured. Options: TCP, UDP, ICMP.

Source

Identify the source device here, using the device's IP or MAC address, then enter appropriate value in text box. If IP is used, enter the netmask address, if applicable. A priority port range can also be defined, using the "Port Range" text boxes.

Destination

Identify the destination device here, using the device's IP address, then enter appropriate value in text box. Enter the netmask address, if applicable. A priority port range can also be defined, using the "Port Range" text boxes.

Rule List

After finishing the configuration of the QoS settings, click **Add** to save the settings in the Rule List menu box. This collection of QoS settings can then be reused at a future time. If deleting a QoS rule list, highlight it, then click **Remove**.

QoS Settings Downstream

Selecting **QoS Settings Downstream** from the "Advanced Setup" screen causes the "QoS Downstream Settings" screen to appear.

tule parameters: triority trotocol ANY Set DSCP BELLOW) Source P DOLO Port Range: U Destination P D.0.0 Port Range: U Destination P D.0.0 Port Range: U D55255	Enable IP Qo	S		Trusted Mode		
Rule parameters: Priority Device Source IP IP 0.0.0 Port Range: ID Destination IP IP 1.0.0 Port Range: ID Destination IP IP 1.0.0 Port Range: ID DESE	Please input the p	ercentage for low and r	medium traffic flow:			
Low Image: Control of the set of the	low priority weigh	t: 40% 🛩	medium priority we	ight: 60% 🗸		
Protocol ANY Set DSCP BE(Low) Source Prot Range: 1.0.0.0 Port Range: 1.0.0 Port Range: 1.0.0 Port Range: 1.0.0 Port Range: 1.0.0 Port Range: 1.0 255.255	Rule parameter	s:				
Source Port Range: 0 0.5535 Vetmask 255.255.255 255.255 255.255 Destination IIII IIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIII	Priority	Low				
IP I.O.O.O Port Range: I to 05535 Vetmask 255.255.255 255.255 255.255 255.255 255.255 255.255 255.255 255.255 255.255 255.255 255.255 255.255 255.255 255.255 255.255 255.255 255.255 255.255 255.255 255.255 255.255 255.255 255.255 255.255 255.255 255.255 255.255 255.255 255.255 255.255 255.255 255.255 255.255 255.255 255.255 255.255 255.255 255.255 255.255 255.255 255.255 255.255 255.255 255.255 255.255 255.255 255.255 255.255 255.255 255.255 255.255 255.255 255.255 255.255 255.255 255.255 255.255 255.255 255.255 255.255 255.255 255.255 255.255 255.255 255.255 255.255 255.255 255.255 255.255 255.255 255.255 255.255 255.255 255.255	Protocol	ANY 🗸		Set DSCP	BE(Lo	w) 💌
Netmask 255/255/255/255 Destination	Source					
Destination IP 0.0.0.0 Port Range: 0 to 65535 Vetmask 255,255,255	IP	0.0.0	Port Ran	ge: 🚺	to	65535
P 0.0.0.0 Port Range: 0 to 65535 Vetmask 255/255/255	Netmask	255.255.255.255				
Vetmask 255.255.255	Destination					
	IP	0.0.0	Port Ran	ge: O	to	65535
Rule List:	Netmask	255.255.255.255				
	Rule List:					
						Remove

The "QoS Downstream Settings" screen is identical to the "QoS Upstream Settings" screen, with the exception of the "High Priority Bandwidth" option. Use this screen to configure QoS for data going out of the network.

QoS Status

Selecting **QoS Status** from the "Advanced Setup" screen causes the "QoS Status" screen to appear. This screen displays the status of QoS upstream and downstream traffic, and differentiates both streams into high priority and normal priority traffic.

	layed when IP QoS is enal os, packet rate, packet pe		
Jpstream S	Status		
High Priority			
Bit Rate	Packet Rate	Sent	Dropped
Medium Prior	ity		
Bit Rate	Packet Rate	Sent	Dropped
Low Priority			
Bit Rate	Packet Rate	Sent	Dropped
Downstrea High Priority	m Status		
Bit Rate	Packet Rate	Sent	Dropped
Medium Prior	ity		
Bit Rate	Packet Rate	Sent	Dropped
Low Priority			

Remote Management/Telnet

Selecting **Remote Management** in the "Advanced Setup" screen generates the "Remote Management/Telent" screen. Remote management allows access to the Modem through the Internet via another computer, while Telnet allows access to the Modem using a computer running a Telnet program. we recommend leaving the Remote Management and Telnet **Off** (the factory default setting). The Modem will be vulnerable to other users on the Internet if Remote Management or Telnet is activated.

to acces	s your [SL Gateway remotely, pleas	ngs are set to Off for security reasons. If you want e turn Remote Management On. In order to enable nd Password must be set below.
Actionte		IOT recommend turning on R	emote Telnet unless requested by authorized DSL
		Admin User Name:	admin
	1.	Admin Password:	******
		Remote Management:	Con ©off
	2.		

Remote Management

To access the Modem from the Internet, activate Remote Management by selecting the appropriate **On** radio button and writing down the WAN IP address of the Modem (see "WAN IP Address"). On a computer outside of the network, open a Web browser and enter the Modem's WAN IP address in the address text box. The Modem's Home screen (or a password prompt, if a password has been set) appears in the browser window.

Telnet

To access the Modem via Telnet, activate Telnet by selecting the appropriate "On" radio button and writing down the WAN IP address of the Modem (see "WAN IP Address"). On a computer outside the network running a Telnet program, enter the Modem's WAN IP address to access the Modem.

Note: Before remote management or Telnet can be activated, the administrator password must be set. To do this, go to the Home screen, click **Security**, then select **Admin User Name and Password**. Follow the instructions in the subsequent screens.

When finished in this screen, click Apply to activate any changes made.

Telnet Timeout Setting

Selecting **Telnet Timeout Setting** in the "Advanced Setup" screen generates the "Telnet Timeout Setting" screen. Select a period of time from the choices available, and the Telnet session will automatically terminate at that time. If no automatic termination is needed, select "No idle disconnect timeout."

Telnet Timeout Setting	
Select the amount of idle time that you wan automatically disconnected.	t for each Telnet session before the session is
6	● 30 minutes
(12 hours
(∃ day
(⊂ 7 days
(ONo idle disconnect timeout
	Appiy

Dynamic Routing

Selecting **Dynamic Routing** in the "Advanced Setup" screen generates the "Dynamic Routing" screen.

ocumentation that ca	behind the Gateway in the network configuration, consult the
ien select the needer	me with the gateway to see what kind of Dynamic Routing is required. d option.
	O Version 1
	C Version 2
	• off

If another gateway or router is set up behind the Modem in the network configuration, consult the documentation that came with the other gateway to see what kind of Dynamic Routing is required, then select the needed option.

When finished in this screen, click Apply to activate any changes made.

Static Routing

Selecting **Static Routing** in the "Advanced Setup" screen generates the "Static Routing" screen. Enter the static route addresses in their respective text boxes, then click **Add**. The address will appear in the "Static Routing Table." To remove an address, highlight it by clicking on it in the Static Routing Table, then click **Remove**.



UPnP (Universal Plug and Play)

Selecting UPnP in the "Advanced Setup" screen generates the "UPnP" screen. In this screen, the Universal Plug and Play option is turned on or off by activating the appropriate circle.



Universal Plug and Play is a zero-configuration networking protocol that allows hardware and software (such as Netmeeting) to operate more efficiently. If Netmeeting is not running properly, activate UPnP.



Note: Activating UPnP presents a slight security risk. After finishing with the hardware or software using UPnP, we recommend deactivating UPnP.

When finished in this screen, click **Apply** to activate any changes made.

USB Port Detection

Selecting USB Port Detection in the "Advanced Setup" screen generates the "USB Port Detection" screen. In this screen, the USB port detection option is turned on or off by activating the appropriate circle (default is "Off"). If this option is turned on, the USB port will be disabled if an Ethernet cable is plugged into the Modem first, or the Ethernet port will be disabled if the a USB cable is plugged into the Modem first. If this option is turned on when both an Ethernet and a USB cable are plugged into the Modem, the USB port will be disabled.



Time Zone

Selecting **Time Zone** in the "Configuring the Advanced Settings" screen generates the "Time Zone" screen. In this screen, select the time zone in which the Modem is being used. Click in the "Day Light Saving" check box if Daylight Savings Time is currently in effect where the Modem is being used.

(GMT-12:00)Eniwetok (GMT-11:00)Samoa (GMT-10:00)Hawaii (GMT-09:00)Alaska (GMT-08:00)Pacific Time (GMT-06:00)Mountain Time (GMT-06:00)Central Time		

When finished in this screen, click Apply to activate any changes made.

Remote Syslog Capture

Selecting **Remote Syslog Capture** in the "Advanced Setup" screen generates the "Remote Syslog Capture" screen. In this screen, the user can configure the Modem to allow a remote computer to access the Modem's system activity logs.

Warning: Remote Syslog is disabled by defi- the PC running syslog capture application. Ye	ault. If you enable it, it may allow sending syslog to
	ou can select the PC or input the IP address.
Con ©off	
Current settin Select PC nan Or input IP addre:	
Click Apply to continue.	
	Apply
This page left intentionally blank.

Configuring Security Settings



This chapter explains how to configure the Modem's security capabilities, including firewall settings, DMZ hosting, and network address translation.

Accessing Security Screens

To access the Security configuration screens, follow these instructions:

1. Open a Web browser. In the "Address" text box, type:

http://192.168.1.1

then press Enter on the keyboard.



2. The "Home" screen appears. Click Security.

veri-on Status Setup	Advanced Setup	Parental Control Utilities
Setup My Gateway Network Status Stop Connection Setup Broadband Connection Setup Broadband Connection Setup Status: Not Connected See (Coanny) Status: Not Connected See (Coanny) Not Connected See (Coanny) Not Connected Not Connec	My Network Connection Type: ﷺ Ethermet PC Name: actiontee IP Address: 192.169.1.64 NAT Address: 00.50.f61.4di90.e2	Action Zone Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control

3. A login window appears. Enter the user name and password in the appropriate text boxes, then click **OK**.

Firefox:

į	Enter username and password for "Before configuring the Gateway, a User Name / Password is required. If you do not know the User Name / Password please refer to the User manual for further support." ak http://120.168.1.1	×
	User Name:	
	admin	
	Password:	

	Use Password Manager to remember this password.	
	OK Cancel	

Internet Explorer:

Connect to 192	.168.1.1 🛛 🛛 🔀
R	
User Name / Passy User Name / Passy further support. re Warning: This serv	8. 1.1 at Before configuring the Gateway, a word is required. If you do not know the word places refer to the User manual for regarders a username and password, wer is requesting that your username and in an inscription (Dasic authentication onnection).
User name:	🖸 admin 💌
Password:	1
	Remember my password
	OK Cancel

- Note: The default user name is "admin." The default password is "password."
- **4.** The "Security" screen appears. To modify a specific configuration, click on its name in the menu bar on the left, or from the list in the middle of the screen.

Home Security Admin User Name & Password Firewall Settings Applications	Security Admin User Name and Password(Allows you to change the Admin User Name and Password) <u>Firewall Setting</u> (Allow you to set and configure the Gateway's frewall) <u>Applications</u> (Allows by application the ability to bypass the Gateway's built-in firewall, allowing access to parts of the network) <u>DMZ Indimin</u> (Used to support online gaming and Internet conferencing services) <u>NAT</u> (Network Address Translation, allows you turn NAT On or Off)
	NAT(Network Address Translation, allows you turn NAT On or Off) Portmapping(Show the portmapping table)

Admin User Name and Password

See "Changing the Password" on page 11.

Firewall

Selecting **Firewall** in the Security screen generates the "Firewall Settings" screen. Select the level of security needed for the network.

Note: If VPN connections need to made through the Modem, the Firewall must be set to Off. No VPN connections can be made if the Firewall setting is at Custom, High, Medium, or Low. Also note that DMZ hosting, Port Forwarding, and Application Level Modem settings are active only when the Firewall is Off.

High

If **High** is selected in the "Firewall Security Level" screen, the services listed at the bottom of the screen (HTTP, DNS, FTP, IMAPv3, SMTP, POP3, NNTP, IPSEC IKE, IPSEC ESP, HTTPS, and IMAP) are the only ones allowed to pass through the firewall. All other services will be blocked. None of these settings can be changed from here.

w f			Firewall Info
			(or allowed). An empty bo es not listed below are not
Service	Port	In	Out
нттр	80	V	V
DNS	53	1	N
FTP	20,21	V	M
IMAPV3	220		V
SMTP	25		V
POP3	110		N.
NNTP	119		V
IPSEC IKE	500		V
IPSEC ESP	esp		V
HTTPS	443		V
IMAP	143	1	N

Medium

If **Medium** is selected in the "Firewall Security Level" screen, the services listed at the bottom of the screen (HTTP, DNS, FTP, IMAPv3, SMTP, POP3, NNTP, IPSEC IKE, IPSEC ESP, HTTPS, and IMAP) are the only ones allowed to pass through the firewall. All other services will be blocked. These settings can be modified to customize the firewall settings.

ff			Firewall Info
			(or allowed). An empty bo es not listed below are no
Service	Port	In	Out
нттр	80	V	2
DNS	53	M	2
FTP	20,21	V	V
IMAPV3	220	v	2
SMTP	25	5	V
POP3	110	v	2
NNTP	119	5	V
IPSEC IKE	500	V	V
IPSEC ESP	esp	V	V
HTTPS	443	V	V
IMAP	143	2	2

When finished with this screen, click **Apply** to save the changes.

Low

If **Low** is selected in the "Firewall Security Level" screen, the services listed at the bottom of the screen (NETBIOS-SSN, DNS, EPMAP, PROFILE, NETBIOS-NS, NETBIOS-DGM, MICROSOFT-DS, SNMP, LDAP, and MICROSOFT-GC,) can be denied access through the firewall. Click in the appropriate check box to allow or deny access for a particular service (check mark in the check box to deny; blank check box to allow). All services not listed are allowed access.

ledium nw			
ow ff			Firewall Info
			(or allowed). An emp es not listed below a
Service	Port	In	Out
NETBIOS-SSN	139		
DNS	53	V	v
EPMAP	135		
PROFILE	136		
NETBIOS-NS	137		
NETBIOS-DGM	138		
MICROSOFT-DS	445		
SNMP	161		
LDAP	389		
	3268		

Off

If **Off** is selected in the "Firewall Security Level" screen, firewall filtering is based solely on the basic NAT firewall. At this setting, VPN connections can be made, and DMZ hosting, Port Forwarding, and Applicatiion Level Modem settings are active.



Applications

Selecting Applications in the Security screen generates the "Applications" screen.

en the appropriate ports through t	he firewall.
select the PC that will utilize the	application.
application under the Category s It category will be generated.	ection below. A default list of
Iles box, select the rule that appl gs, highlight the desired rule and o	
ton for the settings to take affect.	
PC Name: actiontec 💌	
Available Kdl85	Applied Rules
-	
Add	1>>
Per	2010
Ken	10VC
-	
View Rule	
	application under the Category sit at category will be generated. Jules box, select the rule that appl gs, highlight the desired rule and son for the settings to take affect. allable rule is not listed for your ap fer the Category section. This will it create the rule. Once the rule liable by dicking on the appropriate

This screen allows certain programs to bypass the Modem's built-in firewall, allowing access to parts of the network (for hosting a Web or ftp server, for example). To use, select the name of a computer on the network from the "PC Name" dropdown list, then click **Add**. Next, select a "Category" by clicking the appropriate radio button. In the "Available Rules" list box, select a game, application, server, etc., then click **Add**>>. The selected item appears in the "Applied Rules" list box. Repeat for each item needed

To remove an item from the Applied Rules list, highlight it, then click **Remove**. To view an item's rules (forwarded ports, etc.), highlight it, then click **View Rule**. When finished with this screen, click **Apply** to save the changes.

Rule Management

To create a custom set of rules, click the "User" radio button, then click **New**. The "Rule Management" screen appears.

Rule Na	ime			
Proto	col TCP	•		
Port S	tart	P	ort End	
Port Map S	tart			
		Apply		
Protocol	Port Start	Port End	Port Map	<u>Delete</u>
		Back		

In this screen, the user can create a custom rule not defined in the programming. To do this (using a single port):

- **1.** Enter the rule name in the "Rule Name" text box. The name is usually based on the application or game title.
- **2.** Set "Protocol" to "TPC."
- **3.** Enter the port number in the "Port Start," "Port End," and "Port Map Start" text boxes. For example, if a server is running on port 8080, enter "8080" in all three text boxes.
- 4. Click Apply.
- **5.** Change Protocol to "UDP."
- **6.** Enter the port number again, as in step 3.
- **7.** Click **Apply** again. The rule's TPC and UDP mapping appear at the bottom of the screen.
- 8. Click Back.
- 9. Select the computer on which to open the ports, then click User.
- **10.** Select the rule, then click **Add** to move the rule to the "Applied Rule" text box.
- 11. Click Apply.

For multiple ports:

- **1.** Enter the rule name in the "Rule Name" text box. The name is usually based on the application or game title.
- **2.** Set "Protocol" to "TPC."
- **3.** Enter the starting port number of the port range in the "Port Start" and "Port Map Start" text boxes, and the last port of the range in the "Port End" text box. For example, if the port range is 5000 to 6000, enter "5000" in the "Port Start" and "Port Map Start" text boxes, and "6000" in the "Port End" text box.
- 4. Click Apply.
- 5. Change Protocol to "UDP."
- **6.** Enter the port numbers again, as in step 3.
- **7.** Click **Apply** again. The rule's TPC and UDP mapping appear at the bottom of the screen.
- 8. Click Back.
- 9. Select the computer on which to open the ports, then click User.
- **10.** Select the rule, then click **Add** to move the rule to the "Applied Rule" text box.
- 11. Click Apply.

DMZ Hosting

Selecting **DMZ Hosting** in the "Security" screen generates the "DMZ Hosting" screen. To use DMZ hosting, select the computer on the network to be used as a DMZ host in the "DMZ Host PC Name" drop-down menu, then click **On**.



DMZ hosting is used to support online gaming and Internet conferencing services. These programs usually require multiple open ports, making the network accessible from the Internet. DMZ hosting symbolically places the DMZ host computer outside of the Modem's network. We recommend activating DMZ hosting only as long as necessary.

When finished with this screen, click **Apply** to save the changes.

Warning: The DMZ Host computer will be vulnerable to computer hackers on the Internet while in DMZ mode.

NAT (Network Address Translation)

Selecting **NAT** in the "Security" screen generates the "NAT" screen. The Modem's basic firewall security is based on NAT. Disabling NAT allows the computers connected to the Modem to be accessed by outside parties, and can cause the loss of Internet connectivity. Do not turn NAT off unless instructed to do so by Verizon.

NAT
Warning: Please do not disable NAT unless instructed to do so by your ISP. Turning off NAT will open your DSL Gateway to outside intrusion, creating a security risk.
Click Apply to continue.
Apply

When finished with this screen, click **Apply** to save the changes.

Port Mapping

Selecting **Port Mapping** in the "Security" screen generates the "TR-069 PortMapping Log" screen. This screen displays a log that lists port mapping changes made remotely by the service provider via the TR-069 protocol. This log is for information only, and should be consulted only if requested by the service provider or support technicians. No changes to the Modem can be made from this screen.

ĺ	PortMapping Table
	ID Description Enabled RemoteHost ExternalPort InternalPort Protocol InternalClient

Configuring Parental Controls



This chapter explains how to configure the parental control capabilities of the Modem, such as services blocking, Web site blocking, and schedule rules.

Accessing Parental Control Screens

To access the Parental Control configuration screens, follow these instructions:

1. Open a Web browser. In the "Address" text box, type:

http://192.168.1.1

then press Enter on the keyboard.



2. The "Home" screen appears. Click Parental Control.



3. A login window appears. Enter the user name and password in the appropriate text boxes, then click **OK**.

Firefox:

further support." at http://192.168.1.1	assword please refer to the User manual for
User Name:	
admin	
Password:	

Use Password Manager to remember this p	assword.

Internet Explorer:

Connect to 192	.168.1.1 🛛 🛛 🔀
R	
User Name / Passi User Name / Passi further support. In Warning: This serv	50.1.1 at Before configuring the Gateway, a word is required. If you do not innow the word please refer to the User manual for equires a username and password. wer is requesting that your username and in an innovce manner (basic authentication connection).
User name:	🖸 admin 🛛 💌
Password:	1
	Remember my password
	OK Cancel

- **Note:** The default user name is "admin." The default password is "password."
- **4.** The "Parental Control" screen appears. To modify a specific setting, click on its name in the menu bar on the left, or from the list in the middle of the screen.



Services Blocking

Selecting **Services Blocking** in the Parental Control screen generates the "Services Blocking" screen.

Services from a cor	mputer on your network, fol	low the steps below.
eady listed, select th	he PC Name that the Intern	et blocking will be applied to.
he Internet Servio	ces to be blocked then click	Apply for your settings to
	unselect the Blocked Serv	vice then click Apply for your
es Blocked		
E FTP	Newsgroups	E-mail
	ed Internet Services ffect. es Blocked	es Blocked

To modify Internet privileges (Web, FTP, Newsgroups, etc.) for the computers on the network:

- 1. Select the computer's network name from the "PC Name" drop-down menu.
- **2.** Select the Internet service(s) to be blocked by clicking in the appropriate check box.
- 3. Click Apply to block the selected service from the selected computer.

Website Blocking

Selecting **Website Blocking** in the Parental Control screen generates the "Website Blocking" screen. This feature enables the Modem to block Web sites to any or all computers on the network. To block a Web site, select the computer name from the "PC Name" drop-down menu. Then, enter the address of the Web site to be blocked in the "Website" text box and click **Add**. The blocked Web site address will be displayed in the "Blocked Website List" text box, and will not be available to the selected computer on the network. To block the Web site from another computer on the network, repeat the process. To remove a blocked Web site, click on it in the "Blocked Website List," then click **Remove**. When finished, click **Apply**.

Website Blocking	
Follow the steps below to block a PC from ac	cessing certain websites.
Step 1. If not already listed, select the	e PC Name to be blocked.
Step 2. Type the name of the website be blocked field then click Add. Exar	you wish to be blocked in the Website to nple: www.actiontec.com
Step 3. Click the Apply button for yo	ur settings to take affect.
Note: Repeat the steps above to block	additional vebsites.
	he PC Name and highlight the Website from Remove. Click the Apply button for your
Website to be blocked:	Add Blocked Website List:
	Apply

Schedule Rules

Selecting **Schedule Rules** in the Parental Control screen generates the "Schedule Rules" screen. Schedule rules allow computers on the network to access the Internet at scheduled times only.



To set up schedule rules for a computer on the network:

1. Select the computer's network name from the "PC Name" drop-down menu.

2. Click **View/Edit Access Details**. The computer's "Allowed Application and Times" screen appears.

				o set a specifi et a Schedule		Day to allow	a computer on you
s	tep 1. Clic	k the appropr	iate button	, Daily or Wee	ekly, that yo	u wish to se	t.
s	tep 2. Sele	ect the schedu	led time th	at you wish to	o allow Inter	net access.	
S	tep 3. Clic	k the Add bu	tton. The ru	ule will be disp	played in the	Rules box	to the right.
S	tep 4. Clic	k Apply for t	he settings	to take affect	:.		
				rule you wish ne settings to		cated in the	Rules box then clic
lowed	Applicati	on and Time	es				
te: Oni	ly a Daily o	r Weekly web	browsing o				ekly options togett
te: Oni	ly a Daily o	r Weekly web	browsing o	ption can be s I take up to 5			
<mark>te:</mark> On I not a	ly a Daily o	r Weekly web	browsing o				
<mark>te:</mark> On I not a	ly a Daily o pply. Once	r Weekly web	browsing o				
te: Oni I not a eb Bro @	ly a Daily o pply. Once wsing	r Weekly web	browsing o				
te: Oni I not a eb Bro @	iy a Daily or pply. Once wsing Daily Weekly	r Weekly web	browsing o				
te:On Inota ebBrc ⊙	iy a Daily or pply. Once wsing Daily Weekly	r Weekly web	browsing o				ake effect.
te: On I not a eb Bro © Time	ly a Daily o pply. Once owsing Daily Weekly	r Weekly web	browsing o			the rule to t	ake effect.
te: On I not a eb Bro © Time	iy a Daily or pply. Once wsing Daily Weekly	r Weekly web	browsing o			the rule to t	ake effect.
te: On I not a eb Bro © Time	ly a Daily o pply. Once owsing Daily Weekly	r Weekly web	browsing o	i take up to 5		the rule to t	ake effect.
te: On I not a eb Bro © Time From:	y a Daily of pply. Once owsing Daily Weekly	r Weekly web you have set	browsing o	i take up to 5		the rule to t	ake effect.
te: On I not a eb Bro © Time	ly a Daily o pply. Once owsing Daily Weekly	r Weekly web	browsing o	i take up to 5		the rule to t	ake effect.

- **3.** To schedule Internet access at the same time every day, select "Daily" by clicking the appropriate radio button. If creating different access schedules on a day-to-day basis, select "Weekly."
- **4a.** If "Daily" was selected in step 3, create a period of Internet access (or rule) by selecting a beginning time (from the "From" drop-down menu) and ending time (from the "To" drop down menu). If allowing Internet access to a particular computer from 6 p.m. to 8 p.m., for example, select "18 (6 pm)" from the From drop-down menu, and "20 (8 pm)" from the To drop-down menu. Click **Add** to add the access period to the "Rules" list box. Additional access periods can be added by repeating this step (9 a.m. through 12 p.m., for example), and adding it to the Rules list box. Once the rules are applied in the Daily screen, Internet access will be granted every day at the times listed in the Rules list box.
 - **Note:** When using "Daily" scheduling, an access period cannot include 12 a.m (midnight). To create an access period that includes midnight, create two access periods, one that ends at 12 a.m., and one that begins at 12 a.m.

4b. If "Weekly" was selected in step 3, periods of Internet access can be scheduled at different times on different days (6 p.m. to 8 p.m. on Friday, and 1 p.m. to 4 p.m. on Saturday, for example). To do this, select the day of the week by clicking in the appropriate check box, then create a access period (or rule), as explained in step 4a. Click **Add** for each separate time period. All access periods created will appear in the Rules list box. Once the rules are applied in the Weekly screen, Internet access will be granted to a particular computer at the days and times selected on a weekly basis.

ill not apply. Once you have set	b browsing option can be set. Setting Daily and Weekly options togethe t a rule, it will take up to 5 minutes for the rule to take effect.
eb Browsing	
🔘 Daily	
Weekly	
allowed.	tternet access is allowed. An empty box signifies Internet access is not Tuesday □Wednesday □Thursday □Friday □Saturday
Time	Rules
	Add
From: 9:00 AM 🔽	

- Note: When using "Weekly" scheduling, an access period cannot include 12 a.m (midnight). To create an access period that includes midnight, create two access periods, one that ends at 12 a.m. on one day, and one that begins at 12 a.m on the following day.
- **5.** When finished with all scheduling, click **Apply** to save the changes to the Modem.

Removing a Schedule Rule

To remove a scheduled rule, select it from the Rules list box, then click **Remove**. The schedule rule will disappear from the Rules list box.

Configuring the Modem's Utilities



This chapter explains how to use the Modem's utilities, including how to restore default settings, upgrade the Modem's firmware, and perform a ping test.

Accessing the Utilities Screens

To access the Utilities configuration screens, follow these instructions:

1. Open a Web browser. In the "Address" text box, type:

http://192.168.1.1

then press Enter on the keyboard.



2. The "Home" screen appears. Click Utilities.



3. A login window appears. Enter the user name and password in the appropriate text boxes, then click **OK**.

Firefox:

j)	Enter username and password for "Before configuring the Gateway, a User Name / Password is required. If you do not know the User Name / Password please refer to the User manual for further support." at http://192.168.1.1
	User Name:
	admin
	Password:

Internet Explorer:

Connect to 192.	.168.1.1 🥐 🔀
R	
User Name / Passw User Name / Passw further support, re Warning: This serv	8.1.1 at Before configuring the Gateway, a nord is required. If you do not know the nord places refer to the User manual for quires a username and password, we is requesting that your username and in an inscrute manner (basic authentication onnection).
User name:	🖸 admin 💌
Password:	1
	Remember my password
	OK Cancel

Note: The default user name is "admin." The default password is "password."

4. The "Utilities" screen appears. To modify a specific configuration, click on its name in the menu bar on the left, or from the list in the middle of the screen.

Gateway Utilities	
Restore Default Setti	Removes all current settings and restores your DSL Gateway to the factory default settings.
efault	
irmware Upgrade Firmware	Allows you to upgrade to the latest firmware.
vc la	
ity Log <u>Multiple PVC</u>	Will allow you to Setup Multiple PVC.
og	
Test Web Activity Log	Provides you with the most current network information regarding web activity.
	mermater regarding web activity.
System Log	Provides detailed logging information for the Gateway from Power-up to establishing the Internet Connection.
<u>OAM Ping Test</u>	This test can be used to check whether your DSL Gateway is properly connected to the DSL Network.
Ping Test	This test can be used to check whether your DSL Gateway is properly connected to the Internet.
Reboot	Restart your DSL Gateway.

Restore Default Settings

To restore the Modem to its factory default settings, select **Restore Default Settings** from the Utilities screen. When the "Restore Default Settings" screen appears, click **Restore Default Settings**. Any changes made to the Modem's settings will be lost and the factory default settings restored. During this process, the Modem's Power light flashes and the Modem is disabled.



Warning: Do not unplug the Power cord from the Modem during the Restore Default Settings process. Doing so may result in permanent damage to the Modem.

When the Power Light stops flashing and glows steadily green, the Modem is fully operational.

Restore Default Settings	
To restore the DSL Gateway to default settings click or below.	_
Restore Default Se	ttings

Upgrade Firmware

Selecting **Upgrade Firmware** in the Utilities screen generates the "Upgrade Firmware" screen. Firmware upgrades are periodically released to enhance the Modem's capabilities. Follow the instructions on-screen to upgrade the Modem's firmware.



Multiple PVC

Selecting **Multiple PVC** in the Utilities screen generates the "Multiple PVC" screen, which allows the configuration of multiple PVCs.



Web Activity Log

The Web Activity Log provides information about the Web sites each computer on the Modem's network has visited. To access the Web Activity Log, select **Web** Activity Log from the Utilities screen.



Auto Refresh

To set the Web Activity Log screen to automatically refresh at certain intervals, activate the circle next to "Auto Refresh Every" at the bottom of the Web Activity Log screen, then enter a time value (in seconds) in the text box, or click on the down arrow and select a time value from the menu that appears. The Web Activity Log will refresh at the selected interval.

Manual Refresh

To set the Web Activity Log screen to manually refresh, activate the circle next to "Manual Refresh" at the bottom of the Web Activity Log screen. To refresh the Web Activity Log screen, click **Refresh**.

System Log

The System Log provides information about the Modem's activity. To access the System Log, select **System Log** from the Utilities screen.

iew the most recent	sys	tem	act	tivity	log.		
System Log 10						Apply	
System Log 10	· •					Арріу	
System Log	-					Save Log As	
							10
(GMT-05:00)20:16:18	Sun	Oct	29	2006	udhcpd:	SENDING ACK to actiontec	f
(GMT-05:00)20:16:18	Sun	Oct	29	2006	udhcpd:	sending ACK to 192.168.1.64	
(GMT-05:00)20:16:18	Sun	Oct	29	2006	udhcpd:	ADD 00:50:fc:4d:90:e2 192.168.1.64	
6400 actiontec							
(GMT-05:00)20:16:38	Sun	Oct	29	2006	udhcpd:	SENDING ACK to actiontec	
(GMT-05:00)20:16:38	Sun	Oct	29	2006	udhcpd:	sending ACK to 192.168.1.64	
(GMT-05:00)20:16:38	Sun	Oct	29	2006	udhcpd:	ADD 00:50:fc:4d:90:e2 192.168.1.64	
86400 actiontec							
(GMT-05:00)20:16:43	Sun	Oct	29	2006	logic:	fw trans query kp.key =	
eport all clients0							
(GMT-05:00)20:16:58	Sun	Oct	29	2006	udhcpd:	SENDING ACK to actiontec	
CHT 01.00120.10.50	Sun	Oct	29	2006	udhcpd:	sending ACK to 192.168.1.64	
				2000		NDD 00-50-4-44-000 100 100 1 04	
(GMT-05:00)20:16:58	Sun	0ct					

System Log (Size)

Select the size of the system log displayed here. The smaller the size, the shorter the length of the system log saved.

Display

View other saved logs by selecting a log from this drop-down list.

Apply

Pressing this button saves any changes to the System Log screen and causes the Save and Restart screen to appear.

Save Log As

Pressing this button allows the user to save a log as a file.

OAM Ping Test

Selecting **OAM Ping Test** from the Utilities screen generates the "OAM Ping Test" screen, which is used to check whether the Modem is properly connected to the network. Follow the on-screen instructions to perform the test.

to the Network. This te test, select your "Test	est may ta Type" froi	ake a few seconds to complete. To perform the m the list and press the Test button.
Connection	VPI	VCI
Test	0	35
	Test	
DAM Statistics		
DAM Statistics Near End F4 Loop Back C	ount	0
		0
Near End F4 Loop Back C	ount	

Ping Test

Selecting **Ping Test** from the Utilities screen generates the "Ping Test" screen, which is used to check whether the Modem is properly connected to the Internet. Follow the on-screen instructions to perform the test.

Ping Test	
to the Interne	be used to check whether your DSL Gateway is properly connected t. This test may take a few seconds to complete. To perform the e URL or IP Address that you would like to ping and click the Test
URL or IP A	dress: 192.168.1.1
Number of F	ings: 3
	Test
	2.168.1.1 (192.168.1.1): 64 data bytes
	2.168.1.1 (192.168.1.1): 64 data bytes
72 byte time=0. 72 byte	2.168.1.1 (192.168.1.1): 64 data bytes ▲ s from 192.168.1.1: icmp_seq=0 ttl=255 0 ms s from 192.168.1.1: icmp_seq=1 ttl=255
72 byte time=0. 72 byte time=0.	2.168.1.1 (192.168.1.1): 64 data bytes s from 192.168.1.1: icmp_seq=0 ttl=255 0 ms s from 192.168.1.1: icmp_seq=1 ttl=255 0 ms
72 byte time=0. 72 byte time=0. 72 byte	2.168.1.1 (192.168.1.1): 64 data bytes s from 192.168.1.1: icnp_seq=0 ttl=255 0 ms s from 192.168.1.1: icnp_seq=1 ttl=255 0 ms s from 192.168.1.1: icnp_seq=2 ttl=255
72 byte time=0. 72 byte time=0.	2.168.1.1 (192.168.1.1): 64 data bytes s from 192.168.1.1: icnp_seq=0 ttl=255 0 ms s from 192.168.1.1: icnp_seq=1 ttl=255 0 ms s from 192.168.1.1: icnp_seq=2 ttl=255
72 byte time=0. 72 byte time=0. 72 byte time=0.	2.168.1.1 (192.168.1.1): 64 data bytes s from 192.168.1.1: icnp_seq=0 ttl=255 0 ms s from 192.168.1.1: icnp_seq=1 ttl=255 0 ms s from 192.168.1.1: icnp_seq=2 ttl=255

Reboot

Selecting **Reboot** from the Utilities screen generates the "Reboot" screen. From this screen, the Modem can be rebooted. To do this:

1. From the first Reboot screen, click **Reboot**.

Reboot	
To reboot the DSL Gateway	click on the "Reboot" button below.
	Reboot

2. A confirmation window appears. Click OK.

Microso	ft Internet Explorer (×
2	Are you sure you want to reboot the DSL Gatewa	ıy?
	OK Cancel	

3. The Modem reboots. Read the onscreen information in the screen that appears.

Your DSL Gateway is now being rebooted. Please click on the HOME link on the left column when the POWER LED stops flashing.	
when the POWER LED stops hashing.	

When the Modem's Power light stops flashing, the Modem has rebooted.

Troubleshooting



This chapter contains a list of problems that may be encountered while using the Modem, and techniques to try and overcome the problem. Note that these techniques may not solve the problem. This chapter also include a list of frequently asked questions.

Troubleshooting

LAN Connection Failure

- Ensure the Modem is properly installed, the LAN connections are correct, and the power is on.
- Confirm the computer and Modem are on the same network segment. If unsure, let the computer get the IP address automatically by initiating the DHCP function (see "DHCP Server" in chapter 3), then verify the computer is using an IP address within the default range (192.168.1.64 through 198.168.1.254). If the computer is not using an IP address within the range, it will not connect to the Modem.
- Ensure the Subnet Mask address is set to 255.255.255.0 by clicking **Status** in the "Main Menu" screen.

Cannot Connect to the Internet

- Ensure both ends of the power cord and all network cables are properly connected.
- Ensure the Subnet Mask address is set to 255.255.255.0 by clicking **Status** in the "Main Menu" screen.
- Verify the Modem's settings are the same as the computer by clicking **Status** in the "Main Menu" screen.

• If running Windows 98 SE or Me, check the computer's TCP/IP settings. Select **Start, Run**, enter

winipcfg

in the "Open" text box, then press **OK**. The "IP Configuration" window appears. Ensure the text box at the top of the window contains the name of the Ethernet adapter installed in the computer. If not, click on the down arrow next to the text box. When the list appears, click on the proper Ethernet adapter. In the fields below, the Ethernet adapter's various addresses appear. There should be an entry for IP address, Subnet Mask, and Default Gateway. Additionally, the "IP Address" entry should be on the 192.168.1.x network (with "x" defining a range from 64 though 254).

If the Ethernet adapter is showing an incorrect IP address, click **Release**, which sets all values back to 0 (zero). Then, click **Renew** (this process may take a few seconds). The renewed IP address should be on the 192.168.1.x network. If an error occurs, or the IP address renews with an address outside the 192.168.1.x network, contact the ISP immediately.

• If running Windows 98 SE, Me, 2000, or XP, check the computer's TCP/ IP settings. Select **Start**, **Run**, enter

CMD

in the "Open" text box, then press **OK.** A "DOS" window appears, with a blinking cursor (prompt). Enter

ipconfig

at the cursor, then press Enter on the keyboard.

The IP address of the Ethernet adapter should appear in the DOS window. Ensure the IP address in the 192.168.1.x network (with "x" defining a range from 64 though 254).

If the Ethernet adapter is showing an incorrect IP address, enter

ipconfig /release

at the cursor, then press **Enter** on the keyboard, which sets all values back to 0 (zero). Next, enter

ipconfig /renew

at the cursor, then press **Enter** on the keyboard (this process may take a few seconds). The renewed IP address should be on the 192.168.1.x network. If an error occurs, or the IP address renews with an address outside the 192.168.1.x network, contact the ISP immediately

- Ensure the browser is not set to "Never dial a connection" and there are no previous LAN settings.
 To check this, go to Start, Settings, Control Panel. In the Control Panel, double-click Internet Options. When the "Internet Properties" window appears, ensure that the "Never dial a connection" option is not activated, then click LAN Settings. When the "Local Area Network (LAN) Settings" window appears, ensure that no settings are activated. If there are settings
- Shutdown and restart the computer. After the computer restarts, unplug the power cord from the Modem and plug it back in. When the lights glow solid green, try accessing the Internet.

Time out error occurs when entering a URL or IP Address

- Verify all the computers are working properly.
- Ensure the IP settings are correct.

activated, deactivate them.

- · Ensure the Modem is on and connected properly.
- Verify the Modem's settings are the same as the computer by clicking **Status** in the "Main Menu" screen.
- Check the cable/DSL modem by attempting to connect to the Internet.

Frequently Asked Questions

This section includes a list of questions concerning the Modem, and answers to those questions.

General

I have run out of Ethernet ports on my Modem. How do I add more computers?

Plugging in an Ethernet hub or switch expands the number of ports on the Modem. Run a standard Ethernet cable from the "Uplink" port of the new hub or switch to an Ethernet port on the Modem.

Which protocols does the Modem support?

The internal LAN connections support multiple protocols (e.g. TCP/IP, NetBEUI, and IPX/SPX). The External WAN connection supports only TCP/IP.

Which connection speeds does the Modem support?

The LAN connections on the Modem support 10/100 Mbps. The WAN connection supports 8 Mbps, because of the physical restrictions placed on broadband connections.

Will my Xbox work with the Modem?

Yes, the Modem is compatible with the Xbox. You need to set a static IP on the Xbox in the Xbox live network settings, and forward ports 3074 (both UDP and TCP), 53 (both UDP and TCP), and 88 (UDP) if you run into DSL resolution errors.

Is the Modem flash-upgradeable? How do I do it?

Yes, the firmware is upgradeable. You can find a link to the firmware site under "Utilities" in the Web-based configurator.

Does the Modem function as a DSL modem?

Yes, the Modem has a built-in DSL Modem.

Network

I use my laptop at work and at home. Is there something special I need to do to make it work in both places?

Yes. Reconfigure your network setting (Workgroup, Domain, Password, User name, IP addressing or any other specific settings used by your company). You may also use third party software like NetSwitcher to automatically switch between different configurations.

What is the valid IP range I can use for my home network?

The valid IP range for the Modem is 192.168.1.64 to 192.168.1.254 by default.

How do I find out what IP address my computer is using?

Windows 95, 98, 98SE, and Me - Select **Start**, **Run**, and type "winipcfg." Press **Enter**. When the "Winipcfg" window appears, ensure your network device is selected.

Windows NT, 2000, and XP - Select **Start**, **Run** and type "cmd." Press **Enter**. When the command screen appears, type "ipconfig" and press **Enter**.

I used DHCP to configure my network. Do I need to restart my computer to refresh my IP address?

No. Follow these steps to refresh your IP address:

Windows 95, 98, 98SE, and Me - Select **Start**, **Run**, type "winipcfg," and press **Enter**. Ensure the Ethernet adapter is selected in the device box. Press the **Release_all** button, then press the **Renew_all** button.

Windows NT 4.0 and 2000 - Select **Start**, **Run**, type "cmd," and press **Enter**. At the DOS prompt, type "ipconfig /release," then type "ipconfig /renew."

Windows XP - Unplug the Ethernet cable and plug it back in.

Can I run an application located on another computer over the network?

Yes, if the application is designed to run over a network.

Can I play games between computers on my network, or on the Internet?

Yes, if the games were designed for multi-player or LAN play. For specific information about whether a game is capable of Internet or LAN play, refer to the game documentation. Some games require ports to be forwarded to host or join games over the Internet.

I have an FTP or Web server on my network. How can I make it available to users on the Internet?

For a Web server, enable port forwarding for port 8088 to the IP address of the server and set up the Web server to receive on that port, as well. (Configuring the server to use a static IP address is recommended.)

For an FTP server, enable port forwarding for port 21 to the IP address of the server. (Configuring the server to use a static IP address is recommended.)

Connections

How many computers can be connected through the Modem?

The Modem is capable of 254 connections, but it is recommended to have no more than 45 connections. As you increase the number of connections, you decrease the available speed for each computer.

Security

What is the default username for the Modem?

The default username for the router is "admin" and the default password is "password" (all lower case, no quotation marks). To activate the password to protect the Modem, change the default password. Remote management will not be available on the Modem until the default password is changed.

Does the Modem function as a firewall?

Yes. The Modem provides its security through the use of NAT firewall, which acts as a physical barrier between your network and the Internet.

What is NAT and how does it protect my network?

NAT (Network Address Translation) is a type of security that masks the private IP addresses of the computers on your network with a single public IP address. With NAT, the private IP address of the computers on your network is never transmitted over the Internet.

Which Virtual Private Networking (VPN) protocols are supported?

The Modem supports pass-through for PPTP, L2TP, and IPSec. The VPN passthrough is enabled by default and does not require any additional configuration.

Reference



This appendix contains information about various topics, including accessing information about your Windows computer.

Locating Computer Information

The following procedure is valid for Windows 98 SE, Me, NT 4.0, 2000 and XP.

- 1. From the desktop, right-click on My Computer.
- 2. Select Properties from the menu that appears.
- **3.** When the "System Properties" window appears, select **General**. The version of the operating system, processor type, and amount of RAM installed in the computer are listed here.
- 4. Close the System Properties window.
- 5. From the desktop, double-click on My Computer.
- **6.** Right-click the icon representing your hard disk. For example: Local Disk (C:). Some computers have multiple hard disks.
- 7. From the menu that appears, select Properties.
- 8. When the window appears, select General.
- 9. The Free space value is the available space on the hard disk.
- **10.** Close all windows.

Locating Windows Operating System Files

If the operating system files reside on the hard drive of the computer, follow the instructions below to locate them. If the files are not on the hard drive, they must be loaded from the installation disks.

Windows 98 SE

- **1.** From the desktop, click **Start**.
- 2. When the menu appears, select Find, then Files or Folders.
- 3. When the "Find: All Files" window appears, select Name & Location.
- **4.** In the "Named" text box, enter:

*.cab

- **5.** Click the **down arrow** next to the "Look In" text box and select **My Computer** from the list that appears.
- 6. Click Find Now.
- **7.** When the search is complete, note the directory path that appears most often in the "In Folder" column. For example: C:\WINDOWS \SYSTEM.
- **8.** The Windows operating system files are located in this directory. Write down the directory path for future reference.
- **9.** Close the Find: All Files window.

Windows Me, 2000

- **1.** From the desktop, click **Start**.
- 2. Select Search, then For Files and Folders.
- **3a.** *Windows Me*: The "Search Results" window appears. In the "Search for files or folders named" text box, enter:

*.cab

3b. *Windows 2000*: The "Search Results" window appears. In the "Search for files or folders named" text box, enter:

i386

- **4.** Click the **down arrow** next to the "Look in" text box and select **My Computer** from the list that appears.
- 5. Click Search Now.
- **6a.** *Windows Me*: When the search is complete, note the directory path that appears most often in the "In Folder" column. For example: C:\WINDOWS \OPTIONS\INSTALL.
- **6b.** *Windows 2000*: When the search is complete, note the directory path that appears most often in the "In Folder" column. For example: C:\WINNT \Driver Cache.
- **7.** The Windows operating system files are located in this directory. Write down the directory path for future reference.
- **8.** Close the Search Results window.

Windows NT 4.0

- **1.** From the desktop, click **Start**.
- 2. When the menu appears, select Find, then Files or Folders.
- 3. When the "Find: All Files" window appears, select Name & Location.
- 4. In the "Named" text box, enter: i386
- **5.** Click the **down arrow** next to the "Look In" text box and select **My Computer** from the list that appears.
- 6. Click Find Now.
- **7.** When the search is complete, note the directory path that appears most often in the "In Folder" column. For example: C:\.
- **8.** The Windows operating system files are located in this directory. Write down the directory path (followed by "i386") for future reference.
- **9.** Close the Find: All Files window.

Windows XP

- **1.** From the desktop, click **Start**.
- 2. Select Search, then For Files and Folders.
- **3.** The "Search Results" window appears. In the panel at left titled "What do you want to search for?", click **All files and folders**.
- **4.** Another panel, titled "Search by any or all of the criteria below" appears. In the "Look in" text box, click the **down arrow** and select **My Computer** from the menu that appears.
- In the "All or part of the file name" text box, enter: i386
- 6. Click Search.
- **7.** When the search is complete, note the directory path that appears most often in the "In Folder" column. For example: C:\WINDOWS \Driver Cache\.
- **8.** The Windows operating system files are located in this directory. Write down the directory path (followed by "\i386") for future reference.
- **9.** Close the Search Results window.

Switching to Static IP on the Computer



To communicate with the Modem from a computer on the network (to access the Web Configuration screens, for example), the user may have to switch the IP address settings from DHCP-enabled to static IP, so that the computer and the Modem are on the same subnet.

To set up static IP on a computer, select the operating system and follow the instructions.

Note: The following procedures are based on the Modem's factory default IP address. If the Modem's IP address has been changed, enter the new IP address when instructed to enter an IP address.

Windows 98 SE

- 1. From the desktop, click **Start** in the lower left corner.
- **2.** From the menu that appears, select **Settings**.


3. Another menu appears. Select **Control Panel**.



4. When the "Control Panel" window appears, double-click Network.



5. The "Network" window appears. In the "The following network components are installed" list box, locate and double-click **TCP/IP**.

twork		?
Configuration Identific	ation Access Control	1
The following network	components are insta	illed:
Client for Microso	ft Networks	
📃 Client for NetWar	e Networks	
📇 Microsoft Family I	.ogon	
Dial-Up Adapter		
FIPX/SPX-compat	ible Protocol	
TCP/IP		
<u>A</u> dd	R <u>e</u> move	Properties
Primary Network Logo		
Client for NetWare N		•
<u>F</u> ile and Print Sha	ring	
Description		
TCP/IP is the proto wide-area networks	col you use to connec	t to the Internet and

6. The "TCP/IP Properties" window appears. Click IP Address.

Bindings	Adv	anced	N	etBIOS
DNS Configuration	Gateway	WINS Cor	figuration	IP Address
An IP address can If your network do your network admi the space below.	es not autor	natically assi	gn IP addr	esses, ask
C <u>O</u> btain an IP	address au	tomatically		
Specify an IF	^o address:			
IP Address:	192	.168.1	. 64	
S <u>u</u> bnet Mas	sk: 255	. 255 . 25	5.0	

- **7.** In the "IP Address" tab, make sure the the circle next to "Specify an IP Address" is selected. When active, a black dot appears in the circle. If the circle already contains a black dot, leave it alone.
- 8. Enter the following numbers in the "IP Address" text box: 192.168.1.64

Do not include the periods; they are automatically entered.

9. Enter the following numbers in the "Subnet mask" text box: 255.255.255.0

Do not include the periods; they are automatically entered.

10. Select **Gateway**, and, in the "New gateway" text box, enter **192.168.1.1**

Bindings	Adv	anced	N	etBIOS
DNS Configuration	Gateway	WINS Con	figuration	IP Address
The first gateway The address order machines are user <u>N</u> ew gateway: 192.168.	r in the list wi d.		er in which	
- Installed gatewa	ays:	<u>H</u> em	ive	

- **11.** If applicable, select "DNS Configuration." Click "Enable DNS" and enter the DNS servers needed.
- **12.** Click **OK**. The TCP/IP Properties window disappears.
- 13. In the Network window, click OK. The Network window disappears.
- **14.** The "System Settings Change" window appears, asking whether the computer should be restarted. Click **Yes**.

System 9	Settings Change 🛛 🕅
?	You must restart your computer before the new settings will take effect. Do you want to restart your computer now?
	<u>Yes</u> <u>N</u> o

The computer restarts. It is now set up with a static IP address, allowing the user to access the Modem's Web Configuration Utilities (Advanced Setup, Utilities, etc.).

Windows Me

- **1.** From the desktop, click **Start** in the lower left corner.
- **2.** From the menu that appears, select **Settings**.



3. Another menu appears. Select Control Panel.



4. When the "Control Panel" window appears, double-click Network.



5. The "Network" window appears. In the "The following network components are installed" list box, locate and double-click **TCP/IP**.

twork		?
Configuration Identificati	on Access Control	1
The following network c	omponents are insta	alled:
IPX/SPX-compatible		
IPX/SPX-compatible	e Protocol -> LNE10	IOTX Fast Ethernet
FIPX/SPX-compatible		k RTL8139(A) PCI
TCP/IP -> <nothing< td=""><td></td><td></td></nothing<>		
TCP/IP -> Dial-Up /	Adapter	
•		•
<u>A</u> dd	Remove	Properties
Primary Network Logon:		
Client for NetWare Net	works	•
	1	
Eile and Print Sharin	g	
Description		
TCP/IP is the protoco	l vou use to connec	t to the Internet and
wide-area networks.		
		OK Cancel
		oditioer

6. The "TCP/IP Properties" window appears. Click **IP Address**.

D' 1	1		1	10100
Bindings		anced		etBIOS
DNS Configuration	Gateway	WINS Conf	iguration	IP Address
An IP address can If your network do your network admi the space below.	es not autor	natically assig	n IP addr	esses, ask
◯ <u>O</u> btain an IP	address au	omatically		
Specify an IF	o address:			
IP Address:	192	.168.1	. 64	
S <u>u</u> bnet Mas	k: 255	. 255 . 255	5. O	

- **7.** In the "IP Address" tab, make sure the the circle next to "Specify an IP Address" is selected. When active, a black dot appears in the circle. If the circle already contains a black dot, leave it alone.
- 8. Enter the following numbers in the "IP Address" text box: 192.168.1.64Do not include the periods; they are automatically entered.
- **9.** Enter the following numbers in the "Subnet mask" text box: 255.255.255.0

Do not include the periods; they are automatically entered.

10. Select **Gateway**, and, in the "New gateway" text box, enter **192.168.1.1**

Bindings S Configuration Gate he first gateway in the I he address order in the hachines are used.	Installed Gat	S Configuratio	
he address order in the			
New gateway: 192.168.1.	1	Add	
Installed gateways:	-	<u>R</u> emove	
		ΟΚ	Cance

- **11.** If applicable, select "DNS Configuration." Click "Enable DNS" and enter the DNS servers needed.
- 12. Click OK. The TCP/IP Properties window disappears.
- **13.** If there is a check in the box next to "Detect connection to network media," click on it to uncheck the box.
- 14. In the Network window, click OK. The Network window disappears.
- **15.** The "System Settings Change" window appears, asking whether the computer should be restarted. Click **Yes**.

System S	Settings Change
?	You must restart your computer before the new settings will take effect. Do you want to restart your computer now? Yes No

The computer restarts. It is now set up with a static IP address, allowing the user to access the Modem's Web Configuration Utilities (Advanced Setup, Utilities, etc.).

Windows 2000

- **1.** From the desktop, click **Start** in the lower left corner.
- **2.** From the menu that appears, select **Settings**.



3. Another menu appears. Select Control Panel.



4. When the "Control Panel" window appears, double-click **Network and Dial-up Connections**.



5. In the "Network and Dial-up Connections" window, double-click **Local Area Connection**. A number may be displayed after the Local Area Connection. If there is more than one Local Area Connection listed, locate the one that corresponds to the network card installed in the computer by finding the name of the network card in the "Device Name" column.

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Address 📴 Network and Dia	il-up Connec	tions	- ∂G
Name 🔺	Туре	Status	Device Name
Make New Connection	LAN	Enabled	Realtek RTL8139(A) PCI

6. The "Local Area Connection Status" window appears. Select **General**, then click **Properties**.

neral Connection Status: Duration: Speed: Activity Sent — International Sectors	Connected 00:06:48 100.0 Mbps
Status: Duration: Speed: Activity	00:06:48
Duration: Speed: Activity	00:06:48
Speed: Activity	
Activity	100.0 Mbps
	- Received
Packets: 65	0
Properties Disable	

- 7. The "Local Area Connection Properties" window appears. Click General.
- **8.** In the "Components checked are used by this connection" list box, doubleclick **Internet Protocol** (TCP/IP).

📳 Realtek RTL	8139(A) PCI Fast Etherne	et Adapter
		Configure
Components check	ed are used by this conn	ection:
🗹 🛄 Client for Mi	crosoft Networks	
	nter Sharing for Microsoft	Networks
✓ ➡ File and Print Print		Networks
		Networks
		Networks Properties
Internet Pro	tocol (TCP/IP)	

9. The "Internet Protocol (TCP/IP) Properties" window appears.

s capability. Otherwise, you ne e appropriate IP settings.	eed to ask your network administrator for
Obtain an IP address auto	matically
Use the following IP addre	\$5:
<u>I</u> P address:	192.168.1.64
Subnet mask:	255 . 255 . 255 . 0
<u>D</u> efault gateway:	192.168.1.1
C Obtain DNS server addres	is automatically
Use the following DNS ser	ver addresses:
Preferred DNS server:	
Altemate DNS server:	· · · ·

- **10.** In the "General" tab, make sure the the circle next to "Use the following IP Address" is selected. When active, a black dot appears in the circle. If the circle already contains a black dot, leave it alone.
- Enter the following numbers in the "IP Address" text box:
 192.168.1.64

Do not include the periods; they are automatically entered.

Enter the following numbers in the "Subnet mask" text box:
 255.255.255.0

Do not include the periods; they are automatically entered.

- 13. Enter the following numbers in the "Default gateway" text box: 192.168.1.1Do not include the periods; they are automatically entered.
- **14.** Enter the preferred DNS server IP address in the appropriate text box.
- 15. Click OK. The "Internet Protocol (TCP/IP) Properties" window disappears.
- **16.** In the "Local Area Connection Properties" window, click **OK**. The Local Area Connection Properties window disappears.
- 17. Click Close in the Local Area Connection Status window. The window disappears.

18. Close the Network and Dial-up Connections window by clicking on the "**x**" button at the upper right corner of the window.

The computer restarts. It is now set up with a static IP address, allowing the user to access the Modem's Web Configuration Utilities (Advanced Setup, Utilities, etc.).

Windows XP

- 1. From the desktop, click **Start** button in the lower left corner.
- 2. From the menu that appears, select Control Panel.



3. When the "Control Panel" window appears, double-click **Network Connections**.

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lava Plug-in	Keyboard	Mouse	Network Connections	Phone and Modem	Power Options	Printers and Faxes	Regional and Language	Scanners and Cameras	Scheduled Tasks	
O,	2			<u>8</u> 2						
Sounds and udio Devices	Speech	System	Taskbar and Start Menu	User Accounts	Wireless LAN Settings					

4. In the "Network Connections" window, double-click **Local Area Connection**. A number may be displayed after the Local Area Connection. If more than one Local Area Connection is listed, locate the one that corresponds to the network card installed in your computer by finding the name of the network card in the "Device Name" column.

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Address 🔕 Network Connections				~	- 🔁 G
Name	Туре	Status	Device Name	Phone # or Host	Owner
Wireless Network Connection 4 Wizard	LAN or High-Speed Internet	Enabled	Actiontec PCI 802.11b Wireless Adapter		System
😳 Network Setup Wizard	Wizard				
New Connection Wizard	Wizard				

5. The "Local Area Connection Properties" window appears. Select General.

6. In the "This connection uses the following items" list box, double-click **Internet Protocol (TCP/IP)**.

Local	Area Connection 5 Properties
ieneral	Authentication Advanced
Conne	ct using:
H	Realtek RTL8139 Family PCI Fast Ethernet NIC
This c <u>c</u>	nnection uses the following items:
	Clent for Microsoft Networks File and Printer Sharing for Microsoft Networks QoS Packet Scheduler Internet Protocol (TCP/IP)
-	nstall Uninstall Properties
Allov	vs your computer to access resources on a Microsoft ork.
Sho	w icon in notification area when connected
	OK Cancel

7. The "Internet Protocol (TCP/IP) Properties" window appears.

this capability. Otherwise, you nee	automatically if your network supports ed to ask your metwork administrator for					
Obtain an IP address automatically						
─ ● Use the following IP address	,					
IP address:	192 . 168 . 1 . 64					
Subnet mask:	255.255.255.0					
Default gateway:	192.168.1.1					
Obtain DNS server address	automatically					
• Use the following DNS serve	er addresses:					
Preferred DNS server:	· · · · · · ·					
Alternate DNS server:	· · ·					
	Ad <u>v</u> anced					
	OK Cancel					

- **8.** In the **General** tab, make sure the circle next to "Use the following IP Address" is selected. When active, a black dot appears in the circle. If the circle already contains a black dot, leave it alone.
- **9.** Enter the following address in the "IP Address" text box:

192.168.1.64

Enter the periods in the address by pressing the space bar on the keyboard.

10. Enter the following address in the "Subnet mask" text box: 255.255.255.0

Enter the periods in the address by pressing the space bar on the keyboard.

11. Enter the following numbers in the "Default gateway" text box:192.168.1.1

Do not include the periods; they are automatically entered.

- **12.** Enter the preferred DNS server IP address in the appropriate text box.
- **13.** Click **OK**. The Internet Protocol (TCP/IP) Properties window disappears.
- **14.** In the Local Area Connection Properties window, click **Close**. The Local Area Connection Properties window disappears.
- **15.** Click **Close** in the Local Area Connection Status window. The window disappears.
- **16.** Close the Network and Dial-up Connections window by clicking on the "**x**" button at the upper right corner of the window.

The computer restarts. It is now set up with a static IP address, allowing the user to access the Modem's Web Configuration Utilities (Advanced Setup, Utilities, etc.).

Computer Security



The Internet is a giant network of computers located all over the world. When a computer is connected to the Internet, it can exchange information with any other computer on the Internet. This allows a computer user to send e-mail, surf the World Wide Web, download files, and buy products and services online, but it also makes the computer vulnerable to attack from persons intent on doing malicious mischief, or worse. Unless access to the computer is controlled, someone on the Internet can access the information on the computer and damage or destroy that information.

We recommend securing your computer from unwanted intrusion. Security is ultimately the end user's responsibility. Please secure your computer, and don't be a victim.

Comparing DSL Service with a Dial-Up Modem

With a dial-up modem, a computer user makes an Internet connection by dialing a telephone number, surfs the Internet for a period of time, and then disconnects the dial-up modem. No one on the Internet can access a computer that is not connected to the Internet.

Unlike a dial-up modem, DSL service is "always connected." The connection is always available – there is no need to dial a phone number to access the Internet. The computer can be connected to the Internet all the time.

With both types of Internet connections, access to the computer must be controlled to make sure someone on the Internet doesn't access the information on the computer. The longer the computer is connected to the Internet, the easier it is for someone on the Internet to find the computer and attempt to access it without permission. DSL service also provides fast Internet connections. This not only improves Internet performance, it also improves Internet performance for anyone attempting to access the computer.

Modem Security

If connecting to the ISP through Point-to-Point Protocol (PPP), be sure to provide the Modem an administrative password. If a password is not set, someone on the Internet can access the Modem and change its configuration or steal your PPP login name and password. For instructions on setting the password, see the "Advanced Setup chapter.

If connecting to the ISP through bridging mode, the Modem should be safe from unwarranted and illegal intrusion.

Computer Security

To protect the valuable information on the computer, review the following topics. These topics cover software programs and operating system features affecting the security of the computer's data.

Anti-Virus Programs

The computer should have an anti-virus program, and the virus definitions should be updated on a regular basis – at least once a month.

E-Mail Attachments

Never run a program received as an attachment to an e-mail message unless the program is known to be safe. A program from an unknown source can delete all the files on the computer's hard disk or install a "backdoor" software application that lets people on the Internet gain access to the computer without permission.

Internet Browsers

Always exit the Internet browser (Internet Explorer or Netscape Navigator, for example). Never "minimize" the browser or leave it open in the background. Breaking into a computer is easier when an Internet browser is running.

Network Applications

Network applications (such as software programs) that allow remote access to the computer also make the computer vulnerable to access from other people on the Internet. If using a network application that allows remote access, consider installing a firewall.

Electronic Security

Here are two methods to secure your computer electronically.

Network Address Translation

If a local area network and a PPP connection to the ISP using dynamic IP addresses through a DHCP server are being used, Network Address Translation (NAT) is being used. NAT provides a very basic level of security.

Firewalls

The safest way to prevent attacks on the computer is through a firewall – a hardware device or software program that protects the computer from unauthorized access by controlling who can access your computer and by monitoring the transmissions between the computer and the Internet

Windows XP has a built-in firewall. For more information, select **Help and Support Center** from the Help menu. Search for **Internet Connection Firewall**.

If Windows 98 SE, Me, NT 4.0, or 2000 is running on the computer, consider installing a firewall. Hardware and software firewall products are changing rapidly as more homes and businesses establish high-speed digital connections between their local area networks and the Internet. This page left intentionally blank.

Specifications



General

Model Number

GT701-C (DSL Modem)

Standards

IEEE 802.3 (10BaseT) IEEE 802.3u (100BaseTX) G.dmt G.lite t1.413 RFC 1483, 2364, 2516

Protocol

LAN - CSMA/CD WAN - PPP, DHCP, Static IP

WAN

Full-rate ADSL Interface

LAN

10/100 RJ-45 switched port USB port

Speed

LAN Ethernet: 10/100 Mbps auto-sensing

Cabling Type

Ethernet 10BaseT: UTP/STP Category 3 or 5 Ethernet100BaseTX: UTP/STP Category 5 USB

LED Indicators

Power, DSL, Internet, Ethernet, USB,

Environmental

Power

External, 12V DC, 600mA

Certifications

FCC Class B, FCC Class C (part 15, 68), CE Mark Commercial, UL

Operating Temperature

0° C to 40° C (32°F to 104°F)

Storage Temperature

-20°C to 70°C (-4°F to 158°F)

Operating Humidity

10% to 85% non-condensing

Storage Humidity

5% to 90% non-condensing

Glossary

E

ATM (Asynchronous Transfer Mode)

A networking technology based on transferring data in fixed-size packets

Client

A desktop or mobile computer connected to a network.

DHCP (Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol)

A protocol designed to automatically assign an IP address to every computer on your network.

DNS (Domain Name System) Server Address

Allows Internet host computers to have a domain name and one or more IP addresses. A DNS server keeps a database of host computers and their respective domain names and IP addresses so that when a user enters a domain name into a Web browser, the user is sent to the proper IP address. The DNS server address used by computers on the home network corresponds to the location of the DNS server the ISP has assigned.

DSL (Digital Subscriber Line) Modem

A modem that uses existing phone lines to transmit data at high speeds.

Ethernet Network

A standard wired networking configuration using cables and hubs.

Firewall

A method preventing users outside the network from accessing and/or damaging files or computers on the network.

Gateway

A central device that manages the data traffic of your network, as well as data traffic to and from the Internet.

IP (Internet Protocol) Address

A series of four numbers separated by periods identifying a unique Internet computer host.

ISP Gateway Address

An IP address for the Internet router. This address is only required when using a cable or DSL modem.

ISP (Internet Service Provider)

A business that allows individuals or businesses to connect to the Internet.

LAN (Local Area Network)

A group of computers and devices connected together in a relatively small area (such as a house or an office). A home network is considered a LAN.

MAC (Media Access Control) Address

The hardware address of a device connected to a network.

NAT (Network Address Translation)

A method allowing all of the computers on a home network to use one IP address, enabling access to the Internet from any computer on the home network without having to purchase more IP addresses from the ISP.

PC Card

An adapter that inserts in the PCMCIA slot of a computer, enabling the communication with a device.

PPPoE (Point-To-Point Protocol over Ethernet)/ PPPoA (Point-To-Point Protocol over ATM)

Methods of secure data transmission.

Router

A central device that manages the data traffic of your network.

Subnet Mask

A set of four numbers configured like an IP address used to create IP address numbers used only within a particular network.

TCP/IP (Transmission Control Protocol/Internet Protocol)

The standard protocol for data transmission over the Internet.

WAN (Wide Area Network)

A network that connects computers located in separate areas, (i.e., different buildings, cities, countries). The Internet is a WAN.

Service Acronyms



The following information is related to the Firewall options (High, Medium, and Low) section in the "Advanced Setup" chapter of this manual. This appendix explains the meaning of the service acronyms included with the various levels of firewall security, and the UDP and TCP ports used by each service.

Service Acronym Definitions

DNS

Domain Name System. A data query system used to translate host names into Internet addresses (i.e., www.somewebsite.com translates to 888.999.000.111). Uses UDP 53 and TCP 53.

ЕРМАР

EndPoint Mapper. Uses UDP 135 and TCP 135.

FTP

File Transfer Protocol. A protocol used to transfer files over the Internet. Uses TCP 20 and 21.

HTTP

HyperText Transfer Protocol. This protocol delivers information over the Internet, and is used when a computer connects to a Web site via an Internet browser. Uses TCP 80.

HTTPS

HyperText Transfer Protocol using Secure Socket Layer. A secure version of the protocol that delivers information over the Internet. Uses UDP 443 and TCP 443.

IMAP, IMAPv3

Internet Message Access Protocol. Protocols for retrieving E-mail messages. IMAP uses TCP 143; IMAPv3 uses TCP 220.

IPSEC IKE, IPSEC ESP

IP Security. Protocols which support the secure exchange of packets at the IP layer. Uses UDP 500.

LDAP

Lightweight Directory Access Protocol. A set of protocols for accessing information directories. Uses TCP 389.

MICROSOFT-DS, -GC

-DS uses UDP 445 and TCP 445; -GC uses TCP 3268.

NETBIOS-NS, -DGM, -SSN

Network **B**asic Input **O**utput **S**ystem. Three types of DOS BIOS augmentation which add functions for local area networks (LANs). -NS uses UDP 137 and TCP 137; -DGM uses UDP 138; -SSN uses TCP 138.

NNTP

Network News Transfer Protocol. A protocol used to distribute and retrieve news articles over the Internet. Uses TCP 119.

POP3

Post Office Protocol 3. Another protocol used to transfer E-mail between computers. Usually employs a pop3 server, and is used to receive mail only. Uses TCP 110.

PROFILE

Uses TCP 136.

SMTP

Simple Mail Transfer Protocol. A protocol used to transfer E-mail between computers over the Internet. Can be used to send and receive mail. Uses TCP 25.

SNMP

Simple Network Management Protocol. A set of protocols for managing networks. Uses UDP 161.

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